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DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & Co., LD.  
Victoria Dispensary,  
Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 17th October, 1897. [1183]

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 &c. &c. &c.

CALLARD AND BOWSER'S  
BUTTER SCOTCH, ALMOND ROCK and  
EVERTON TOFFEE.

**FANCY BOXES.**  
A large and varied Assortment of  
**ARTISTIC DESIGNS.**

**TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS,**  
A LARGE STOCK WELL ASSORTED.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

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Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until commanded.

*The Hongkong Telegraph* has the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East, and is therefore the best medium for Advertisers. Terms can be learnt on application.

*The Hongkong Telegraph's* number at the Telephone Central Exchange is No. 2. Telegraphic "dress to" *Telegraph, Hongkong.*

## TELEGRAMS.

**THE MONETARY CONFERENCE.**  
Rothschild's proposal to buy silver at a fixed price has, upon the whole, been favourably received in the City, but is disapproved of in America.

**LOCAL AND GENERAL.**

**A HUNT for "Brownie."** It is the man who knows all that has most to learn.

Koo Yuen  
Fook Meen Chong

vessel, which passed through Hongkong three weeks ago, and 84 of her crew are reported to be drowned.

A crowd of "fast" men gathered in the Queen's Bench Division of Her Majesty's High Court of

coming session to the days when important measures are under consideration. His deputy in the leadership of the House is to be Sir

centres of Lancashire, is infusing into the currency agitation the heat of a great political question.



Balfour at the meeting of the bimetalists in this city last night, the feature of the meeting was the enthusiastic adoption given the resolution in favor of the establishment of a double standard. The chief resolution affirmed the best remedy for depressed trade to be a broad international compact for the reopening of the mints of the leading nations to the unrestricted coinage of gold and silver. This resolution demands that the British Government co-operate at the coming International money conference, which opens in Brussels on November 22nd, to secure such an agreement.

QUEENSTOWN, October 28th.

A pilot boat which has just returned passed off the harbor a Queen's own steamer bound for Liverpool, which reported having passed two dis-bled steamers westward of Fastnet Rock. She was unable to get near them because of the terrific storm.

MILWAUKEE, October 28th.

This city tonight was visited by the most devastating fire in the city's history. Four lives were certainly lost and possibly more. Conservative insurance men estimate the loss at not less than six millions of dollars. The flames, which started in the Union Oil Company's building on East Water street, near Detroit street, fanned by a furious gale, swept eastward across toward the Menominee river and nothing could stay their relentless rush. Dynamite was used, but without effect. Mighty billows of flame swept over blocks of buildings, jumped across streets and leaped over the roofs. Thousands of people viewed the grand spectacle.

LONDON, October 29th.

The *Chronicle's* Rome correspondent says the Pope has acceded to the request of the Italian Government to the effect that he will not appoint sufficient foreign Cardinals to endanger the election of an Italian Pope. The *Field* today published a very severe arraignment of the New York Yacht Club, brought out by the club's letter to Lord Dunsany regarding the race next year for the America cup. The *Field* accuses the club of attempting a confidence trick, and says it is to be hoped that no British yacht club can be found complacent enough to back the challenge made under the new deed of gift or while the deed is in existence. At a meeting of the Irish Parliamentary committee to-day, Michael Davitt presiding, Archbishop Croke's proposals for the release of the Paris fund were accepted.

LIVERPOOL, October 29th.

Frighful weather prevails in St. George's Channel and the Irish Sea. The storm is particularly severe along the coast of Wales.

COPENHAGEN, October 29th.

Henry Ryder, formerly United States Consul here, was to-day convicted of theft, fraud and perjury and sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment at hard labor.

LONDON, October 30th.

The London County Council yesterday resolved to make one more determined effort to clear Piccadilly, the Strand and Regent street of the pest of disolute women. Lady Bedford, who is primarily the cause of the Council's investigation, declares that the present moment is more immoral than any other in the world. Young girls, having become victims of men about town, the says, retain the fashionable quarters hired for them and use them as decoy dens for men of means, whom they rob under threats of revealing their identity. Lady Bedford says the police should prosecute these young women, because nearly all their clients are rich and belong to the aristocracy, whose mission just now seems to be to degrade womanhood and bring the nation into contempt. Her ladyship insists that it is the disolute women, the wealthy women who make the disolute women what they are, and she recommends the publication of the names, addresses and full description of every man arrested for disolute conduct with women. She further says the poor are merely imitating the rich in their degradation, and, being more numerous, they are making London a vile and disordered city.

The *Observer* announces that it is learned on the best authority that at the last Cabinet meeting it was definitely decided not to retire from Uganda.

PARIS, October 30th.

Besides his official telegram, President Carnot has written a warm and heartfelt letter of condolence to President Harrison. The body of a young woman cut into twelve pieces was discovered to-day in an empty house in the Rue de Valenciennes, near the Bastille. The woman was found dead and could not be found. Two men have been arrested. The murder was evidently the work of a professional hand, the dissection of the body being skillfully performed, a fact which gives color to the belief that the work was done by a surgeon or perhaps by a butcher. Blood stains found 300 yards distant in a waste area of ground form the only real clue yet obtained.

BERLIN, October 30th.

The Dowager Queen of Wurttemberg is dead.

VICTORIA (B. C.), October 30th.

The sailors of the sailing schooner *Maris* and *Carmichael* arrived home to-day, having been captured by the Russian coast guard, and sent home by a Japanese ship. They say that British war ships will attempt to recover their schooner.

LONDON, October 31st.

A large number of idle workmen paraded through the leading thoroughfares of the East End to-day. Speeches were made at Tower Hill. There was considerable bickering between the organizing agents, but the matter has been finally smoothed over. One organizer named Vall offered a resolution, in which all concerned, declaring that the idle workmen ought to be furnished with municipal employment. The unemployed men, he said, should make themselves a nuisance. They should not stop in their hovels and starve, but parade the streets and show their misery. The authorities were not afraid of socialists, but they were afraid of a body of starving men who did not care whether they lived or died. The authorities knew when such men assembled by themselves they were dangerous, and something must be done to smooth them down.

A report from Dhomey regarding the havoc wrought by the locusts in the Sudan, which the French are co-operating against the Dahomeans are, has created interest in the experiments English army medical officers are making in the effect of various kinds of rifle bullets on the human body. These experiments have proved that the Mannlicher German rifle is the most merciful, for it makes a clean wound. The new British magazine rifle bullet smashes bones and tears the flesh at a distance of 1,000 yards. The experiments appear to approve the theory that the greater velocity of the bullet the less mutilation.

The Bishop of Gibraltar has just learned that his nephew, Charles Sandford, together with the latter's young and beautiful wife, were among the last passengers of the *Roumania*. The bodies of four women, a little fair-haired girl and two men were found lying on the beach in a state of complete nudity. The absence of all clothing, rings and jewelry has given rise to a suspicion that the dead have been robbed.

The *Times* publishes a long review of American politics. It says: "This country has

no reason to be very enthusiastic over either Cleveland, Cleveland, while President, distinguished himself by a gratuitous insult to England by demanding the recall of Minister West, and President Harrison has not been beheld hand in the same methods of currying favor with the omnipotent Irish vote. The appointment as Minister to Chili of Patrick Egan, whose friendship with Blaine he lately boasted of in public, is enough to indicate the spirit of the Administration which selected the financier of the Land League outrage campaign for a diplomatic promotion."

The Mount Washington signal and search light has been outdone in one capacity the past week by an electric apparatus with which experiment has been made at Earl Court. The managers have succeeded not only in throwing the distinct forms of gigantic letters upon the clouds, but they have even made the well-known features of Mr. Gladstone appear in ghastly outline in the heavens.

Waters, solicitor for Thomas Neill, under sentence of death for poisoning Matilda Clover, has received a cablegram from Canada stating that affidavits showing that Neill is insane have been mailed to him. These affidavits are to be embodied in a petition to the Home Secretary asking him to remit the death sentence.

PARIS, October 31st.

The workmen at Carmaux have voted to declare the strike off and they will return to work on Thursday.

M. Clemenceau brought about this result, by a superb speech. The political world is greatly astonished at the sudden "right about face" of the Radical leader.

NEW YORK, October 31st.

The steamer *Paris* is on a trip up the Sound this afternoon in a rowboat containing four men. Samuel Bingham was drowned and the other three were seriously injured.

LIVERPOOL, October 31st.

There is considerable anxiety in shipping circles owing to the non-arrival at San Francisco of the British bark *Lodora*. Captain Lee, which sailed from Shields on March 15th. She put into Montevideo on June 6th and left there June 22nd. Since then she has not been heard from. Telegrams from Liverpool to San Francisco inquiring about the bark only elicited the reply, "No news."

VIENNA, October 31st.

Mad with jealousy, headless of her appeals to spare her life, Anna Whitman crushed the head of her husband, a charming girl of sixteen, the daughter of his employer, because she refused to marry him. The deed was committed in the presence of a number of other laborers, who were too horrified to interfere. On Whitman's person were found a number of sensational novels, the constant reading of which is supposed to have turned his head.

QUEENSTOWN, October 31st.

The steamer *British Prince*, which arrived to-day from Philadelphia, reports a tempestuous voyage. She met a strong northerly gale and a high sea on Friday night. She saw nothing of the supposed disolute steamers, the *Montevideo* and *Lord O'Neill*. The weather that has prevailed for the last three days may have driven them southward out of the line of transatlantic steamers.

CANNES, October 31st.

There was a fierce fight here to-day between Frenchmen and Germans, arising out of an attempt of the former to force an entrance into a German cafe. The police were powerless to restore order, the combatants finally dispersing after a number had been badly injured.

CANDIA, (Crete), October 31st.

Fighting was renewed to-day in the province of Spakia against outrages on the inhabitants by Turkish troops. The fight occurred near Hora. The result is not known. Reinforcements have been sent from here.

PRINCE (Portugal), October 31st.

A heavy sea is still running and makes it impossible to approach the wrecked steamer *Roumania*. The steamer is broken in halves, and the bow and stern only can be seen. The wreck is only 300 feet from shore. It is hoped when the sea goes down more bodies will be found on the wreck, so they may be given burial on land. A strict watch is kept along the coast by cavalrymen to prevent the pillage of the bodies. There is now no doubt that clothing has been stolen from bodies washed ashore before the guards arrived.

LONDON, November 1st.

The trial of a suit for damages for slander brought by Mrs. Leader, wife of Lieutenant Lord of the British army, against Mrs. Smythe, wife of Major-General Sir John Smythe, was begun in the Queen's Bench Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice to-day.

The husbands of both ladies were present when the trial began. Major Wilson said the defense was that if the alleged slanderous words were spoken they were true in substance and in fact.

Mr. Lockwood, Queen's counsel, appeared for Mrs. Leader. He held the issue had become more serious in view of the fact that General and Mrs. Smythe justified the slander. He added that the charge against Mrs. Leader was made by Mrs. Smythe in the shop of Mr. Diddin between October and November, 1891.

When a brooch was shown by Mrs. Leader while the latter was visiting here. In the autumn of 1891 Mrs. Leader called upon Mrs. Smythe at her home in Grosvenor place. Mrs. Smythe went into Mrs. Leader's dressing-room and it was there, according to Mrs. Smythe's story, that the brooch was stolen.

Mrs. Leader went to Madras with her husband and knew nothing of the grave slanders spread by her name until they had become widespread at home.

The fact that James Keene some months ago offered Mr. Beau, £30,000 for Ormonde, only to have it refused, led to the rumor that a much higher sum was demanded. The recent defeat of Ormonde, Ormonde's great son by Angell, omitted against the value of the sire and lengthened the negotiations, but the good display made later by the unnamed grandson of Ormonde greatly removed the bad impression.

It is understood that the sale is about completed. Charles Reed of Tennessee, owner of the *Palmyra*, has been in Argentina trying to buy the *Palmyra*, but he was blocked by Sir Francisco de Paula, who has obtained the release of the horse some time previous. The latter's agents here have been given a free hand and unlimited money on negotiations and have been conducting the sale by frequent cablegrams between London and Buenos Ayres.

One hundred thousand pounds sterling of gold went to Russia to-day, which is less than was expected. The markets are quiet, pending the possible rise in the bank rate to-morrow, but exchanges are more favorable to London.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is expected to the village of Dr. Gallagher, Curlew, in that the chances of release are remote. The matter has been debated by the Cabinet in view of the intervention of the Washington Government on behalf of the Irish-American prisoners. A majority of the members of the Cabinet support Harcourt.

It is pretty certain, however, that the appeal from Washington will cause a relaxation in the discipline to which the prisoners are subjected.

The collapse of the Liberator Building Society simultaneously with the downfall of the London and General Bank last September is likely to develop into a very big financial sensation. The figures just presented to a meeting of the shareholders and creditors of the Liberator Society are worse than even the most pessimistic had anticipated.

The receiver said that the society owed the shareholders and creditors £3,319,000, while the reserve fund is only £900,000, and is little better than a book account at that. The mortgages amounted to £3,437,000, and were at first supposed to be good assets, but an investigation has shown that they are probably valueless, as £3,188,256 has been lent to three companies now in liquidation with virtually no free assets, there being only £50,000 in sight. The bulk of the money has been lent on nothing better than third liens.

The Board of Agriculture ordered that all the cattle which were landed at Dundee from Canada by the steamer *Hurona* and *Montevideo* be slaughtered owing to the discovery of pleuropneumonia among them. The killing of the animals began on Friday. Altogether the steamer landed 1200 head. The animals have been found on a large number of farms in Forfarshire, Perthshire, Fifeshire and Montrose. They are all suspected of being infected, hence the order for the slaughter.

The Scotch veterinary surgeons declare that the disease is not pleuropneumonia, but that it is a non-contagious affection, the symptoms of which are similar to those of pleuropneumonia. They blame the Government for acting too hastily in the matter. The Government has issued orders that incoming Canadian cattle be subjected to the sharpest scrutiny.

Lady Randolph Churchill's letter to Lord Rosebery, Foreign Secretary, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, Sir George Trevelyan, Secretary for Scotland, have declined to attend the inaugural banquet to Lord Mayor Kaill held at Dundee on November 9th.

The authorities have ordered that no one should be allowed to attend the execution of Thomas Neill, under sentence of death for poisoning Matilda Clover, except the Sheriff and the prison officials. No press representatives will be allowed inside the prison. Probably Neill will be hanged on November 8th. The holding of a black flag on the jail will announce that the sentence of the law has been carried out.

Torrents of rain and much fall fell in the south of France yesterday from the sea coast to the Bay of Biscay, accompanied by heavy winds. At Toulouse much havoc was done and many persons were hurt by falling chimneys. The roofs of two railway cars were blown off. The streets of Perpignan were so badly flooded that a number of women and children came near being drowned.

A horrible crime was committed last night in the Royal Irish Constabulary barracks at Ballinacree, county Kildare. Constable Pilkington, seized it is supposed, with a sudden fit of insanity, entered the bedroom, where Sergeant Logan and his wife were sleeping, and shot them with a revolver, killing them instantly. The madman then went to the room where Logan's children were sleeping and after attacking them left them for dead. Two were found dead with their heads crushed in and three were fatally injured. The remaining two were seriously hurt.

Pilkington then tried to burn the barracks, but an alarm was spread, and finding himself discovered he committed suicide. The crime is ascribed to no motive, and its horrible character points to nothing but a sudden attack of homicidal mania.

Warsaw, November 1st.

Twenty persons living on a farm at Grotty, a village in Poland, were poisoned by eating the flesh of a cow dying from disease. Ten of the persons who partook of the meat died, after suffering great agony, and the physicians state that the others will not recover.

Corfu, November 1st.

Devenax, director of the Ottoman Bank of Constantinople, committed suicide by drowning here.

PARIS, November 1st.

Mrs. Descon was defeated to-day in a bold move to steal a march on her husband by a divorce suit in Paris. Mr. Descon was on hand when the case came up and confronted his wife in the tribunal of the Seine. The President of the tribunal not only denied Mrs. Descon's petition, but severely censured her for having made frivolous charges against her husband with the object of procuring a divorce while she herself was under charges of the gravest character. He gave orders that the eldest child, now in the convent, where it had been placed by Mrs. Descon, should be delivered to Mr. Descon.

This was a crushing blow for Mrs. Descon, who seemed to be deeply affected.

NEW YORK, November 1st.

That the Cony Island Athletic Club means to have a meeting between B. H. Fitzsimmons and Jim Hall at all hazards was shown to-day when Judge Newton, on behalf of the club, increased the offer of \$30,000 to \$25,000. The following dispatch he sent to the *London Sporting Life*: "We will give Hall \$25,000 to meet Fitzsimmons, with \$1000 for expenses, payable in America. We will give Mitchell \$30,000 to meet Corbett, with \$1000 for expenses."

LONDON, November 1st.

The unemployed men who were seen to-day decided to march bareheaded through the streets of London three different days. The authorities have given assent to a meeting of the unemployed at Trafalgar Square next Saturday.

Robert Grant, professor of astrology in the University of Glasgow, aged 78, is dead.

MONTREAL, November 1st.

Rumors that the Canadian Pacific railway was to have a fast Atlantic service have been revived stronger than ever. It is now stated that the company has made a proposition to the Dominion Government to the effect that if given an international railway with a subsidy equal to the present deficit it will endeavor to put on an Atlantic service to secure a portion of the World's Fair traffic. To do this the Canadian Pacific Railway steamships will be temporarily diverted to the Atlantic service.

PERNICH, November 1st.

The bodies of five men, nine women and seven children have thus far been recovered from the wreck of the *Roumania*. It is believed that a great number of bodies will never be found, the currents having carried them to sea.

LIVERPOOL, November 1st.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister to Washington, who has been sojourning in his native land for the past few months, sailed to-day on the *Maifield* for his post of duty. It is generally understood that Sir Julian's absence was limited so as to enable him to escape the embarrassment to which Lord Shackleton fell a victim four years ago, and it is stated that hereafter it will become an established custom for her Majesty's emissary to Washington to absent himself during the American election.

Sir Julian will return to America thoroughly acquainted with the Government's attitude on the fisheries question and it has been given out that Gladstone will adhere to the policy already marked out by Lord Salisbury.

BUDA PESTH, November 2nd.

The cholera continues unabated in this city. Twenty-one new cases have been reported and nine deaths.

LONDON, November 2nd.

A census taken by the Institute of Bankers of the silver coin held by the banks in the United Kingdom shows a total of £4,747,775. Out of 4,599 banks only 92 failed to report. The aggregate is in excess of the average requirements of £3,222,545. It is thus proved, the supply of silver coin is in excess of the needs of the public. The census was most complete and the most reliable ever taken in the United Kingdom.

The refusal of leading Ministers to attend the inaugural banquet of Lord Mayor Kaill is interpreted as an indication of a new attack on the Corporation of the City of London, which it is believed will be superseded in administrative functions by the London County Council.

Gladstone in a letter to Kaill announcing his inability to attend the banquet, says his decision is due to the advice of his physician, who insists that he shall abstain from all public banquets. Gladstone congratulates Kaill on the spirit and success with which he has sustained the principle of religious freedom.

At a meeting of the North of England Liberal Association, a significant demonstration of discontent at Gladstone's home rule policy was made. Lord Hothfield, who presided, announced that he had resigned the presidency of the association, saying that the recent Conservative victories in the by-elections were due to the objections many Liberals entertained for home rule.

Hon. Charles Taiton stated that he would not contest his seat again on account of the conduct of the Liberal leaders. The meeting decided to send a strong protest to the National Liberal Federation.

The employees of the Bass Brewery have struck against a change in the hours. Five thousand men are involved.

PARIS, November 2nd.

An interesting feature in regard to the way dreamers carry on their business was brought to light by a case just tried. The creditors of a well-known Mme. Rodriguez, now bankrupt, sued Mme. Malvena Brach for 6800 francs, the cost of elaborate toilets made for her by Mme. Rodriguez. Mme. Malvena set up the defense that the dresses were supplied gratis so that she might advertise the maker by displaying them in public.

Evidence was given by well-known actresses that Mme. Rodriguez begged them to have costumes made on similar terms. Several gentlemen gave evidence as to the figure Mme. Malvena cut in her fashionable plumage. The court acquitted the plaintiff on the ground that "Mme. Malvena had been only a walking advertisement for Mme. Rodriguez."

It is definitely announced that Count d'Aubigny, French Ambassador to Morocco, has made a commercial treaty with the Sultan, which makes large reductions in the tariffs on French imports and in the export duties levied on various products of Morocco.

WASHINGTON, November 2nd.

Counter cases in the Sebring case arbitration will be exchanged by the two Governments on February 1, 1893. The work on that to be presented by the United States is progressing satisfactorily, but is not yet complete.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 2nd.

While the police were searching the house of a suspected smuggler in the district of Togliki, Poland, they discovered the decomposed bodies of thirteen persons—men, women, and children. It is not known whether the persons were murdered or whether the cellar in which they were found was used as a secret burial place.

THE BODIES OF SEVEN INFANTS HAVE BEEN UNCOVERED in the back garden of a house at Macdonald, south of here. The place was occupied by a family named Malkin, who undoubtedly had a baby farm. The principal members of the family have been arrested.

Directors Francis Abigail and Manager Macdonald of the British Bank Company, charged with issuing false balance sheets for the purpose of defrauding the shareholders, have been found guilty. Abigail was sentenced to five and Macdonald to seven years' penal servitude. Both have been prominent in public life for a number of years.

MONTREAL, November 2nd.

The steamship *Sarmatian*, which left here this morning for Glasgow, went ashore at Varennes, twenty miles down the river, during a snowstorm. Tugs were sent to her assistance. Other steamships in the river are anchored owing to the thick weather.

It is stated that Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has made an offer to the Dominion Government for the purchase of the Intercolonial Railway from Lewis to Halifax and the establishment of a fast Atlantic steamship line, and the offer is likely to be accepted at an early date. The proposal is that the Intercolonial shall be transferred to the Canadian Pacific with an annual subsidy for a term of years amounting to the recent annual deficits, which are in the vicinity of \$700,000. The Canadian Pacific, on its part, is to equip a fast mail and passenger line of Atlantic steamers in time to intercept a fair share of the traffic from Europe to the World's Fair at Chicago. As a guarantee it promises to be ready in time for the World's Fair. The company proposes to transfer temporarily its Pacific boats, the *Empress of Japan*, to this new Atlantic service.

OTTAWA, November 2nd.

The total number of Chinese who entered Canada and paid the poll tax of \$50 each during the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1892, was 297, as against 2114 during the previous year.

It is ascertained on good authority that no answer has yet been received from the Russian Government in explanation of the seizure of Canadian sailors in the North Pacific.

LANSING, November 3rd.

Dr. Blum recently had an interview with Prince Bismarck at Varsie, an account of which was published in the *Neuwa Nachrichten* of this city. Prince Bismarck spoke at length on the new military bill and Germany's relations with France and Russia.

He denied that he planned to attack France in 1893, contending that, on the contrary, he persuaded Emperor William to forbid the general staff, and especially Count von Moltke, who are anxious to provoke war, to interfere with foreign policy.

The Chancellor disclaimed entirely from the Government's support of the military. He said he thought the German army quite strong enough to face even war on two fronts. He believes that neither France nor Russia desires war and thought no war likely to break out, at least for a few years to come.

"Moreover," said the Prince, "victory will rest with that power which wins the first few battles, and those battles will be fought, not with millions of men, but with a few hundred thousand. The winning is that they be well led. The new military bill has its great defect in its inadequate provision for commissioned and non-commissioned officers."

He condemned the proposal to retain the third year of service solely for men who incurred penalties, believing that this provision would destroy all respect for the three-year plan. He quoted Emperor William I. Count von Moltke and General von Roon as against the two-year system. "He thought the best thing the Reichstag could do was to reject the bill as it

whole, but to declare itself ready to remedy the real defects when the Government had shown how to cover the increased expense.

With regard to Russia Prince Bismarck said only the newspapers, the Poles and the Jews desired war between Russia and Germany.

MADRID, November 3rd.

The populace of Granada are greatly incensed at the refusal of Queen Regent Christina to visit the city with King Alfonso to assist at the unveiling of the statue of Columbus, and destroyed the decorations, reviewing stands, etc.

Finally some one shouted "Down with the Government!" and "Long live the republic!" The mob took up the cry and a serious outbreak was imminent, when the Civil Guards charged on the mob, slaying right and left with their swords. A number were seriously wounded and thirty taken prisoners.

The refusal of the Queen to be present was due to a desire to spare King Alfonso fatigue after his recent illness. In consequence of the disturbance the Mayor of Granada has resigned and the members of the Cabinet will not be present at the dedication.

The civil Governor of Madrid has resigned in consequence of a riot in the Prado growing out of the prohibition of open-air concerts. It is expected that the Mayor will also resign.

BRUSSELS, November 3rd.

The Constitutional Revision Committee of the Chamber of Deputies has adopted a clause granting the franchise to householders.

LONDON, November 4th.

Monroe & Co., bankers of Paris, who have in their possession the money known as the Paris fund belonging to the Irish Parliamentary party, have written a letter to Justin McCarthy in which they say they have consulted counsel in regard to the release of the fund, and counsel advises them they cannot part with the money unless authorized to do so by the Tribunal of the Seine. No compromise between the two sections of the Irish Parliamentary party regarding the disposition of the fund, they add, can free them from the responsibility. Months may elapse before the Tribunal of the Seine gives a decision in the matter.

Thomas Cream Nell, the woman poisoner who was convicted of murder and is under sentence of death, who was to be hanged on Tuesday next, has been respited for a week. Home Secretary Asquith intimates that the respite was granted solely to give time for the receipt of certain documents from America supposed to have a material bearing on the case. Should, however, the result of the inquiry be adverse to the prisoner the law must take its course. The news of the respite imparted to Nell renewed his confidence.

The court was crowded as usual with an aristocratic throng to hear the end of the Leader-Smyth case. Counsel for Mrs. Leader finished his argument. The sympathies of the audience were evidently with Mrs. Leader, and the court was obliged to severely repress the manifestations thereof. Justice Day summed up the case strongly in favor of Mrs. Leader, saying if the case had been a criminal one against Mrs. Leader he would have dismissed it without allowing it to go to the jury. The jury was out thirty-five minutes, bringing in a verdict of £500 damages to Mrs. Leader. The decision was received with an outburst of applause, and the large crowd outside cheered her as she entered a cab and drove away. The damages awarded, together with the costs and expenses, amount at least to \$7500.

Principal Williams of Edinburgh College has made a microscopic examination of the lungs of one of the Canadian cattle alleged to be suffering from contagious pleuro-pneumonia and declares the disease broncho-pneumonia and not contagious.

Ross of Philadelphia and Conner of Manchester wrestled to-night at Dundee for a purse of £100 and the championship of the world. Ross won by one point.

Horries for the Prince of Wales and others, died at Epsom to-day.

NEW YORK, November 4th.

The rivalry between the Coney Island Athletic Club and the Crescent City Club of New Orleans reached its height to-day. Judge Newton, on behalf of the local club, met Bob Fitzsimmons in the Hoffman House by appointment at 1 o'clock. He offered the New Zealander a purse of \$45,000 for Hall and himself to contend for in the Coney Island Club. Fitzsimmons flatly refused to fight at Coney Island and accepted the offer of a \$40,000 purse made by President Noel of the Crescent City Club.

BRISTOL, November 4th.

A reduction of 1 per cent in the wages of the shipbuilders in this city went into effect to-day, and affects 12,000 employees.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 4th.

The Thornton cloth factory was burned to-day. The loss was 1,000,000 rubles.

During the past week eight firms, mostly in the grain trade, have failed. Another large house, finding the export of grain profitable in the face of American competition, has decided to abandon the business.

MADRID, November 4th.

The Governor of Granada has been dismissed on account of the disturbance in the town of Granada. The town is now quiet. The Mayor of Madrid has resigned on account of the riot recently in the Prado.

BERLIN, November 4th.

Count von Alvensleben, German Minister to Belgium, Dr. von Hasenpflug, the Treasury Department and Herr Hartwig, director of the Reichsbank, have been appointed delegates to the international monetary conference at Brussels.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 4th.



## For Sale.

## NOTICE.

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## THE "BOKHARA" DISASTER.

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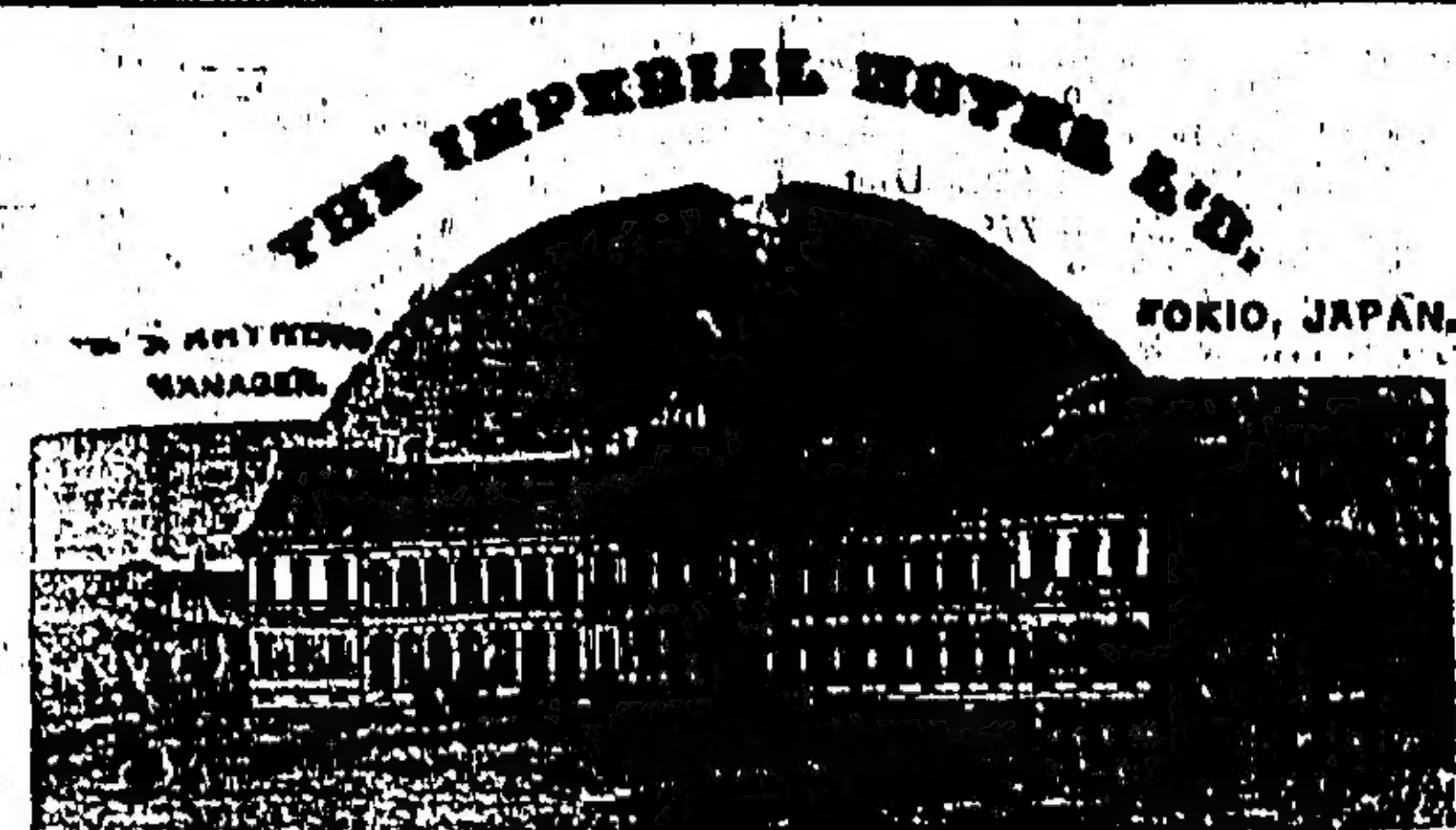
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1166

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Hongkong, 13th October, 1892.

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R. TUCKER, Manager.

1108

Hongkong, 12th February, 1892.

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Hongkong, 9th November, 1892. [1114]

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Hongkong, 4th July, 1892. [1650]

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Hongkong, 27th September, 1892. [966]

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Hongkong, 1st November, 1892. [1009]

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Gap. Very cheap Rental.

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Hongkong, 22nd November, 1892. [1106]

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Hongkong, 2nd August, 1892. [781]

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Hongkong, 10th November, 1892. [1107]

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For further information as to Passage or  
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No. 72, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.

Hongkong, 28th November, 1892.

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OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

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Proprietors of the "VICTORIA HOTEL," is  
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One person, one month .....\$50.00  
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Married couple per day .....3.50

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VICTORIA HOTEL.

Hongkong, 25th October, 1892. [614]

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WINDSOR HOUSE has now been  
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Cuisine under European management. Each  
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Hongkong, 23rd August, 1892. [1243]

## HAUENSTEIN'S HOTEL,

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THIS First-class FAMILY HOTEL is  
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and has First-class Accommodation for Visitors.

An EXCELLENT TABLE is kept, and  
WINES, SPIRITS, and MALT LIQUORS of  
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Terms Moderate.

R. HELLWIG,  
Proprietor.

Amoy, 1st September, 1892. [685]

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